

## LABOR TROUBLES.

**Louisville and Nashville Switchmen Still Out.**

**THEIR ACTIONS A SURPRISE.**

**Rumors of a General Strike All Along the Road—Difficulty in Filling Striking Shopmen's Places—Rumors of Smallpox Having Broken Out in the Shops—No Strike on the Big Four—Other Labor News.**

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 29.—The switchmen and yard engineers employed at the main yards of the Louisville and Nashville railroad quit work again last night. The men claim that they struck as individuals and without recognition by their organizations.

This action came as a complete surprise, as only a few hours before committees representing the switchmen and engineers promised the company to abide by the decision of their chiefs at the time the reduction in wages was accepted. There are again rumors of a general strike, but these are discredited by the railroad officers.

Considerable difficulty is experienced in filling the places of the striking shopmen. Of 135 more new men brought from New York, 110 deserted the shops during the day and joined the strikers. The men claim they were employed by misrepresentation of the situation and some of them have engaged attorneys to begin suit against the railroad company for damages.

In addition to these troubles, it is reported that three cases of smallpox have been discovered among the new men in the shops. As the men eat and sleep there this presents a serious obstacle to filling the place of strikers.

**No Strike on the Big Four.**

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 29.—Grandmaster Sargent of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is in receipt of a telegram from the firemen's committee at Cincinnati, stating that the vote of the Big Four employees was adverse to a strike, and that the trouble that has been impending is now settled. No particulars of the settlement has reached him further than no strike has been declared.

**Strikers Return to Work.**

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 29.—At a meeting of the striking streetcar conductors and motormen it was decided to return to work. President Modock of the car men's union considers the decision a defeat for the union as the men return to work at 15 cents an hour for a day of 12 hours and there will be three men to a car instead of four as heretofore.

**YELLOW FEVER REPORT.**

**An Alarming State of Affairs at Brunswick, Georgia.**

BRUNSWICK, Sept. 29.—There were eight new cases of yellow fever yesterday. The small number of cases reported is probably due to the absence of physicians, who were attending distant sick calls and were unable to make a report.

The new white patients are Mrs. George W. Cowman, W. E. Dempster and C. A. Steiner. The new colored patients are Mary Lamar, Isaac Lamar, Hattie Brown, Lou Oliver and Lizzie Robinson. Cases under treatment, 39; discharged, 22; died, 9; total, 70, is the record. Death rate 12.8 per cent.

It is safe to say that there are between 10 and 20 cases not yet reported. The reason for this is that among the colored people Drs. Blair and West are constantly at work hunting for cases. Their latest reports, which are made nightly to Dr. Murray, contain about 50 names classed as malarial and suspicious cases.

Yesterday Commissary Manager Smith issued three days rations each to 1,390 people. The weather is growing cooler and fears are expressed that rain and fog will come, adding dangerous means of spreading the disease before frost sufficient to kill the fever germs comes.

**Lumber Dealer Falls.**

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29.—Thomas Keeney, lumber dealer, failed late Thursday afternoon. His office is in the Allen building. The assets are about \$95,000, and liabilities \$85,000. The assignee is Scott Bonham. Dull trade and outstanding debts are given as the causes. About \$25,000 worth of preferences were given.

**Horsethieves Shot.**

PHOENIX, A. T., Sept. 29.—Sandy Donahue, the famous fighting sheriff of Coconino county, shot R. G. Harris and Bob Dunlap, otherwise known as Jim Baker, and Andy Dimond, noted horsethieves, after a hard battle 60 miles north of here. The latter had killed seven men.

**RETRIBUTION.**

**Negro Thieves Blown to Pieces With the Powder They Had Stolen.**

SAVANNAH, Sept. 29.—A special from Thomasville, Ga., to The Morning News, says: Two negroes, Shade Lee and Gus Alexander, met last night at Lee's house to divide some stolen goods, among which was a 25-pound can of powder. In dividing the powder some was spilled on the floor.

Shade threw a spoonful of this into the fire which flashed and set off the remainder on the floor. This in turn caused the can to explode, which demolished the house and dreadfully mangled the two thieves. A shotgun lying near was also discharged, the load wounding Lee's wife. Alexander was arrested, but he will probably die. Lee will die, it is expected.

## THE SAME OLD STORY.

**Nothing Done by the People's Representatives at Washington.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The senate was in a calm mood, very different from its condition the previous day. There was only one instance in which was a ripple on the surface of its proceedings and that over a matter of ancient history which Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) brought up in the way of personal explanation on behalf of a former colleague of his in the house of representatives, now long dead, Mr. Hooper.

This gentleman was chairman of the committee on banking and currency at the time of the passage of what is commonly known as the silver demonetization act of 1873. The story has been in circulation to the effect that Mr. Ernst Seyd, a French writer on finance, had had much to do with the passage of that act by the use of a corruption fund of \$500,000 contributed by foreign capitalists. The absurdity and falsity of the story have often been exposed, but it always comes up again. A recent letter from Mr. Seyd's son, asserting that his father had not been in the United States since 1856, was supposed to have given the slander its death-blow, but it seems that even that statement failed of its purpose.

In order to contradict it, an extract from one of Mr. Hooper's speeches was published a few days since in the Peoria Journal (a copy of the paper sent to Mr. Hoar), in which a reference to Mr. Seyd was made and the words "now here" were fraudulently interpolated. In denouncing the fraud Mr. Hoar forgot his usual benignity of manner and language, and characterized its author as belonging to the species of "the bedbug or the squash-bug."

Mr. Cullom (Rep., Ill.) came to the defense of the editor of the Peoria Journal as a man who would not knowingly commit such a fraud and forgery. And it appeared, after much discussion, that the extract from Mr. Hooper's speech has been floating about (thus falsified) for the last 15 or 20 years.

The only speech made on the silver repeal bill was by Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.). His remedy for the financial troubles is the adoption of an amendment offered by him to restore the free coinage act of 1873. With that amendment, he said, the repeal bill could be passed in 25 minutes.

The debate in the house on the federal election repeal bill was productive of but little excitement. Mr. Breckinridge of Kentucky, and Mr. Johnson of Indiana became involved in a personal controversy, which at one time promised to become exciting, but finally lapsed into insignificance. Prior to this there had been a colloquy between Morse of Massachusetts and Fithian of Illinois, wherein the epithet of "falsehood" was passed, but this also ended amicably.

At 5 o'clock the house adjourned.

## PHILADELPHIA MANUFACTURERS

**Believe Hard Times Are Due to the Uncertainty as to Tariff.**

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—A large number of Philadelphia manufacturers have determined to make an effort to protect their own interests by making an alliance with the friends of silver. To that end they have endorsed an open letter to the senate of the United States, written by Wharton Barker, which proposes a basis for the settlement of the silver question by which silver may be continued as money metal.

The manufacturers who have inaugurated this movement do not attribute the present hard times to the Sherman law. They assert that it is due to the fear that the protective feature of the tariff is to be undermined. They hold that if assurance were given that the existing tariff laws would not be disturbed for the next two years, business would take an immediate boom, mills would start in all parts of the country, and employment would be given to thousands of idle workmen.

While holding these views they also believe that it would be a mistake to demonetize silver. These manufacturers believe that in many respects their interests are allied with the mineowners of the silver states. It was that belief which prompted the movement among the Philadelphia manufacturers to give encouragement to the silver senators in their fight to continue the white metal as a part of the currency of the United States.

While the Manufacturers' club as an organization, has not committed itself to the movement, many of its leading members are interested in it. James Dobson is one of the prime movers, and his name is at the top of the list of signers of Mr. Barker's letter. He has also sent a letter over his own name to nearly all of the manufacturers in the city asking them to read Mr. Barker's letter, which he inclosed, and if they approved of it to sign a blank and send their name to Mr. Barker.

**Our Minister All Night.**

MOBILE, Sept. 29.—The news sent out from Madrid last night of the serious illness of Hannis Taylor, United States minister to Spain, appears to have been exaggerated. In answer to an inquiry from relatives in this city, the minister cabled that he is all right.

**Residence Burned.**

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The residence of W. S. Lawson, a well known stock broker of New York city, was destroyed by fire. The loss on building and contents, which included a number of valuable paintings, is estimated at \$80,000.

**Fell Dead While Sparring.**

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 29.—H. J. Spink and S. J. Hauschulte had a friendly sparring bout in a North Side barbershop last night, during which Spink fell to the floor and was dead when picked up. Heart disease was the coroner's verdict.

## WORLD'S RECORDS.

**Two of Them Broken on the Race Tracks.**

**TERRE HAUTE AND GUTTENBURG**

**At the Former Track Nancy Hanks Falls to Lower Her Record, but the Fastest Heat Ever Run in Harness Was Recorded—Tammany Wins the Great Race at Guttenburg.**

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 29.—Ten thousand people had no occasion to display their pent-up enthusiasm when the queen of the trotting turf should lower the world's record, but as many lovers of the light harness horse saw a new world's record nailed to the masthead in the most remarkable pacing race ever witnessed.

Of course, the crowd was drawn by the effort of Nancy Hanks to lower her own record. The track was perfect, but the other conditions were lacking. First it was known that Mr. Dobie was a very sick man—so sick in fact that only by administering powerful medicines hypodermically, he could be strong enough to sit in the sulky, then when the little mare came out for a warming up heat with Charley Dobie behind her, it was noticed that she was a trifle tucked up or lame, and last, was the cool north wind, not at all to the liking of the tenderly cared for mare.

The 2:20 pace was the sensation of the year. The fastest heats ever gone in harness were recorded, the race record for a mare so long held by Vinette and more recently divided by Prima Donna, was knocked to smithereens by May Marshall in the fourth heat and the event was finally captured by the favorite, Hal Braden. That is the fourth of Brown Hal's get to secure a mark of 2:09 or better. Go, Castle Horse, with Splann up, captured the first heat after a hot fight with Turco.

It was about 4 o'clock when Nancy Hanks, with Mr. Dobie holding the ribbons, came down past the grand stand and received a salvo of applause. The noted reinman wore a haggard look, and going around for an easy mile was seen to stop at the half as if too ill to drive the little mare home. But he had set his heart on the effort and in spite of the warning of his physician, he scored down for the word, with the runner Artist on the wheel to urge the mare along. The first quarter was done in 31 seconds, and when the half was gone in 1:03, a sigh went up from the big crowd. The next quarter was done in the same time as the first, but the mare, not guided by the strong arm, was seen to falter in the stretch and the last quarter was finished in the slow time of 33 1/4 seconds. Time 1:06 1/4.

There was the hottest racing ever seen in the second heat. Will Kerr taking the lead from the start and under a heavy drive home he outfinished Braden, the last half being done in 1:02. The talent was all at sea, but felt easier when Braden captured the third heat driving Kerr to a break.

It was a surprise party in the fourth. May Marshall scored down with terrific speed, and taking first place the turn was never headed.

She and Braden fought it out in the next, and the sweet little mare looked like a sure winner and could have made a record to be shot at for many a day, but her driver, thinking he had the Brown Hal horse beaten, eased the mare up and she tripped just at the flag. Gers, who had grown disheartened, reefed his horse and landed the heat. That virtually settled the race there being but three contending horses in the last heat, which was a procession all the way round. Fully \$10,000 was in the pools on the race.

Henrietta was a hot favorite in the 2:19 trot and she did not disappoint her heavy backers. Her only competitor was Zeemba, who, by an accident in colliding with Florida, the explanation of which to the judges would have saved her a place, she was distanced.

The free-for-all pace was a farce, as might have been expected, when Roy Wilkes, with not a sound foot, was permitted to start. It was a walkover for Manager.

**LAMPLIGHTER LEFT.**

**Tammany Wins the Great Race at the Guttenburg Race Track.**

GUTTENBURG RACE TRACK, Sept. 29.—The match race between Marcus Daly's chestnut colt Tammany, and G. Walbaum's brown colt Lamplighter, took place at this track yesterday afternoon in the presence of 15,000 persons. Tammany easily vanquished the son of Spendthrift and Torchlight in as true a run race as ever was. The winner was ridden by "Snapper" Garrison. He allowed Fred Talar, who had the mount on Lamplighter, to make the pace to the head of the stretch—and a fast clip it was too—where he let out a link on Tammany and the race was over. The chestnut passed his rival in three jumps and romped home the easiest kind of a winner in the fast time of 2:06 1/2.

This time establishes a track record for the distance—one and one-quarter miles. Lamplighter, spurred and urged to his utmost, finished three lengths behind the winner.

How fast the race was run, and the evenness of the pace, is shown by the official fractional time, which was as follows: Eighth, 12 1/2; quarter, 24 1/2; three-eighths, 37; half, 49 1/2; five-eighths, 1:02; three-quarters, 1:14 3/4; seven-eighths, 1:27 3/4; mile, 1:43 3/4; mile and an eighth, 1:58, and a mile and a quarter, 2:06 1/2.

The match was for \$2,500 a side, to which was added a purse of \$7,500 by the Hudson County Jockey club, this making the total value of the purse \$10,000.

## WORK OF TRAIN WRECKERS.

**Full Particulars of the Wreck on the Louisville and Nashville Road.**

MOBILE, Sept. 29.—Full details of the wreck on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, between Scranton, Miss., and Bellefontaine, have been received here: Passenger train No. 2, consisting of three sleepers, passenger and smoking coaches, mail and baggage and express car and engine and tender went into an open switch. The train was running 50 miles an hour when the accident occurred.

Investigation by the railroad officials after the accident showed that the switch which had been properly set and locked had been opened. The lock burned off with a large pine knot and was thrown away. Three negro tramps riding on the blind baggage between the tender and the baggage car were killed. Another negro tramp was probably fatally injured. The engineer and fireman were dangerously hurt and two postal clerks also. The express messenger and baggage master were slightly wounded.

The killed are: John Allison, George Anderson and William Robinson, negro tramps.

The wounded are: Frank Coffin, engineer of Mobile, serious internal injuries, head and face badly cut; George Morgan, fireman, a negro, of New Orleans, left foot crushed and amputated, severe scalp wounds; Louis Robinson, tramp, dangerous internal injuries; Joseph Hughes, Agiers, La., postal clerk; E. C. Caro, New Orleans, postal clerk; William Locke, Greenville, Ala., express messenger, and Henry Kingston, Greenville, Ala., baggage master, were slightly hurt.

The escape of the passengers from injury seems almost miraculous. As soon as the accident occurred special trains with physicians were sent out from Mobile and New Orleans, and everything done for the relief of the sufferers.

This is the second attempt at the above point to wreck a train on the Louisville and Nashville, the first being unsuccessful.

There is no doubt of an attempt at robbery, as the mail sack, which was left on the rack, the train not stopping at Gulfport, was found half a mile in the woods, gutted and its contents scattered.

A posse is scouring the woods for the wreckers and if captured they will doubtless be lynched.

**Another Wreck on the Same Road.**

KNOXVILLE, Sept. 29.—A passenger train has been wrecked at Hazel Patch, Ky., on the Knoxville division of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. It is reported that four people have been killed, including the engineer and baggage master.

**CHICAGO TRAGEDY.**

**One Man Shoots Three Others and Is Himself Shot Dead.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—After shooting and seriously wounding three men James McGrath, a notorious West Side character, was shot twice and killed instantly by the Maxwell street police officers. The injured are:

Officer Michael Flemmings, shot in the calf of the left leg, taken to the county hospital.

Thomas Beehan, shot through the head by McGrath, taken to the county hospital; will die.

Edward Jackson, shot in the bridge of the nose, taken to the county hospital.

The first shooting was the result of a quarrel between McGrath and Beehan and the latter was taken to the hospital and only regained consciousness long enough to give the name of his assailant.

Officers Flemmings and Butler found McGrath on Canal street and accosted him. McGrath turned with an oath and fired point blank at the officer's head. The bullet, however, went wide of its mark and struck Edward Jackson, who was walking on the opposite side of the street, in the bridge of the nose, breaking the nose.

McGrath again levelled his revolver and directed it toward Officer Flemmings. As he fired the second shot both of the officers discharged their weapons at him, the two bullets from the officers' revolvers taking effect, one of them passing through the desperado's heart, while the other found lodgement in the right arm pit.

The dead body of McGrath was removed to the county morgue, while Officer Flemmings and Edward Jackson were taken to the county hospital. McGrath was a well known character throughout the West Side. He is a brother of the notorious Jack McGrath, who is now serving a 25-year sentence in the penitentiary at Joliet for burglary, which he committed last July.

**Champion Cyclist Killed.**

PARIS, Sept. 29.—M. Cassagard, champion bicyclist, was thrown from his wheel on the outskirts of the city. He struck on his head, fractured his skull and died an hour after.

**Base Ball.**

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 8; Washington, 4.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Boston, 7.

At Louisville—Louisville, 1; Baltimore, 3.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 11; Philadelphia, 10.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 7; New York, 4.

**Suspected Train Wreckers Arrested.**

PASS CHRISTIAN, Miss., Sept. 29.—Deputy Sheriff Leazance arrested two suspected train wreckers at Gulfport last night. One gave his name as George W. Young of Richmond, the other C. T. Muncie, from Roanoke, Va. One of them had two railroad switch keys in his pocket. They were jailed to await investigation.

## ANOTHER CRANK.

**This One Pays a Visit to the White House.**

**WANTS THE PRESIDENT'S CHAIR.**

**If Some One Will Only Furnish Him and Mr. Cleveland With Pistols He States That He Will Show the World That He Is the Proper One to Occupy the Executive Mansion.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Yesterday shortly before 11 o'clock a white man about 28 years of age, in some way unexplained, found his way into the lower regions of the White House, and meeting the colored cook said:

"I want to see father."

"Who is your father?" the cook inquired.

"Mr. Cleveland, of course," was his response.

An officer appeared upon the scene and saw at a glance that the man was not altogether right, and dealt with him accordingly.

"Your father is out in the garden," he told the mysterious visitor. "Come with me and we'll find him."

Arm in arm they started toward the door, the intruder thinking he was going to meet the president, but the officer knew that he would land him at the watchbox.

On their way to the box the officer asked the crank what he wanted in the White House.

"I want that chair," was his response.

"What chair?"

"The president's chair."

"Don't you think the president fills it satisfactorily?"

"No, I don't," was his reply, "and I intend to get it by fair means or foul. Give us each a pistol and I'll show you who will get it."

Just then they reached the watchbox where another policeman was on duty. The crank grabbed the policeman's blackjack from his pocket and tried to use the club on the officer, but both officers grabbed him and the struggle lasted but a few minutes before the man was overpowered.

The crank was conveyed to the police station, where he gave the name of Joseph S. Washington, and said he came from Pennsylvania. A charge of being a suspicious character was filed against him.

**DARING BURGLARS.**

**Foiled in the Work They Use Their Revolvers Freely.**

WAPAKONETA, O., Sept. 29.—The hamlet of Hume station, seven miles northwest of here, experienced one of the most desperate attempts at robbery ever committed in this part of the state. Two men tried to burglarize the residence of William Bowsher, a wealthy farmer, who is supposed to have money on hand. They tried to effect an entrance by prying open a window. The family heard the noise and gave the alarm, and in a few moments the whole neighborhood took after them.

The robbers showed fight and fired eight shots from their revolvers into the crowd, but none took effect. They were captured after a desperate struggle and were lodged in the county jail here. They gave their names as Jack Johnson and Harry Brown, and said that their home is in Toledo. Numerous articles were found in their possession. Gold and silver watches; jewelry, revolvers and other valuables. They are desperate looking persons.

**FALSE ALARM OF FIRE.**

**It Causes Nine Deaths and Injuries to a Hundred People.**

WARSAW, Sept. 29.—A false alarm of fire was given yesterday at Calvary Rean Sunwalki. The building was crowded with Jews at worship. All started at once for the two exits, and despite the shouts of the rabbi that there was no fire, fought to get out. After a struggle of 15 minutes, two-thirds of the congregation were still in the synagogue.

As no fire had appeared they became calmer, and with the aid of the rabbi eventually restored quiet. Nine dead bodies were found near the exits and 20 persons lay unconscious and bleeding where they had been trampled. Fully 100 persons were injured in the rush. Fifteen suffering from wounds are likely to die.

**Violated the Postal Laws.**

TOLEDO, Sept. 29.—City Clerk E. A. Cook of McComb, O., was arrested by the postal authorities. He is charged with extensively advertising to sell for \$8, 10 steel engravings tinted, representing different events in the discovery of America by Columbus and then sending to his dupes in return for their money a set of Columbian postage stamps. Mr. Cook is one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of McComb and his arrest has created a sensation.

**Badly in Debt and Missing.**

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Sept. 29.—George Klockson of this city, grand treasurer of the Kansas Knights of Honor, left home Tuesday saying he was going to the grand lodge meeting in Leavenworth. He owes the lodge about \$500, and he is badly in debt, with his property encumbered. Opinion is divided whether his disappearance is voluntary or not.

**Will Start Up.**

ELWOOD, Ind., Sept. 29.—The Diamond plateglass factory, which has been closed for nearly five months, will, it is said, resume operations in the polishing and grinding halls next Monday, giving employment to about 100 hands.